

**AN ORDINANCE OF ANTRIM TOWNSHIP,  
FRANKLIN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, NO. 311 OF 2008**

**AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE TOWNSHIP OF  
ANTRIM, FRANKLIN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, ADDING CHAPTER 111 ENTITLED  
"PRETREATMENT" AND AMENDING CHAPTER 110 ENTITLED "SEWERS".**

**WHEREAS**, the Township of Antrim currently has sewer regulations as set forth in the Code of the Township of Antrim, Pennsylvania; and

**WHEREAS**, the Antrim Township Board of Supervisors desire to amend the Code of the Township of Antrim in order to comply with State and Federal Laws and Regulations; and

**WHEREAS**, the addition of Chapter 111 and amendment of Chapter 110 of the Code of the Township of Antrim is necessary to assure continuity of wastewater treatment, help prevent violation of the Authority's NPDES permit and protect the system from damage; and

**WHEREAS**, the addition of Chapter 111 and amendment of Chapter 110 of the Code of the Township of Antrim is necessary for the protection, benefit and preservation of the health, safety and welfare of the inhabitants of the Township; and

**WHEREAS**, authority is vested in the Township of Antrim to require connection to and establish rules and regulations for sewer systems within the Township by Section 2501 et seq. of the Second Class Township Code (53 P.S. 67501 et seq.) and other State and Federal Laws.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED AND ORDAINED**, by the Board of Supervisors of the Township of Antrim as follows:

**SECTION I:** The Code of the Township of Antrim, Franklin County, Pennsylvania is hereby amended by adding Chapter 111. The entire text of the new Chapter 111 shall be as follows:

### §111.3 Abbreviations

The following abbreviations, when used in this Chapter, shall have the designated meanings:

BOD – Biochemical Oxygen Demand  
BMP – Best Management Practice  
BMR – Baseline Monitoring Report  
CFR – *Code of Federal Regulations*  
CIU – Categorical Industrial User  
COD – Chemical Oxygen Demand  
EPA – U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
gpd – gallons per day  
IU – Industrial User  
mg/l – milligrams per liter  
NPDES – National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System  
NSCIU – Non-Significant Categorical Industrial User  
POTW – Publicly Owned Treatment Works  
PPM - parts per million  
RCRA – Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
SIU – Significant Industrial User  
SNC – Significant Noncompliance  
TSS – Total Suspended Solids  
U.S.C. – United States Code

### §111.4 Definitions

Unless a provision explicitly states otherwise, the following terms and phrases, as used in this ordinance, shall have the meanings hereinafter designated.

ACT or THE ACT -- The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, also known as the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. section 1251 et seq.

ANTRIM TOWNSHIP BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (ATBOS) -- Elected board for the Township of Antrim Pennsylvania who leases the operations and maintenance of the POTW from the Antrim Township Municipal Authority.

AUTHORITY or ATMA -- Antrim Township Municipal Authority (ATMA), a municipal authority incorporated, organized, and existing under provisions of the Pennsylvania Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, approved May 2, 1945, P.L. 382, as amended and supplemented, acting by and through its Board or, in appropriate cases, acting by and through its authorized representative.

AUTHORIZED or DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of the USER--  
(1) If the User is a corporation:



CATEGORICAL PRETREATMENT STANDARD or CATEGORICAL STANDARD -- Any regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by EPA in accordance with sections 307(b) and (c) of the Act (33 U.S.C. section 1317) that apply to a specific category of Users and that appear in 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N, Parts 405-471.

CATEGORICAL USER-- An Industrial User subject to a categorical Pretreatment Standard or categorical Standard.

CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND or COD. A measure of the oxygen required to oxidize all compounds, both organic and inorganic, in water.

COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENT -- Any room, group of rooms, building or enclosure connected directly or indirectly to the sewer system and used or intended for use in the operation of one (1) business enterprise for the sale and distribution of any product, commodity, article or service.

DAILY MAXIMUM -- The arithmetic average of all effluent samples for a pollutant collected during a calendar day.

DAILY MAXIMUM LIMIT -- The maximum allowable discharge limit of a pollutant during a calendar day. Where Daily Maximum Limits are expressed in units of mass, the daily discharge is the total mass discharged over the course of the day. Where Daily Maximum Limits are expressed in terms of a concentration, the daily discharge is the arithmetic average measurement of the pollutant concentration derived from all measurements taken that day.

DOMESTIC WASTES or DOMESTIC WASTEWATER -- Wastes produced from noncommercial or nonindustrial activities, and which result from normal human living processes, which are of substantially similar origin and strength to those typically produced in Residential Establishments, including wastes from sanitary conveniences.

DWELLING UNIT -- Any room, group of rooms, house trailer, building or other enclosure connected directly or indirectly to the sewer system and occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE PLAN (ERP) -- Acts as a guide to staff of the enforcement action warranted against the IU based on the seriousness of the violation.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY or EPA -- The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or, where appropriate, the **Regional Water Protection Division Director**, the Regional Administrator, or other duly authorized official of said agency.

EQUIVALENT DWELLING UNIT (EDU) -- That part of a residential or Nonresidential Establishment with flows equal to 225 gallons per day. (Amended by Resolution # 120 April 14, 1992)

MONTHLY AVERAGE LIMIT -- The highest allowable average of “daily discharges” over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all “daily discharges” measured during a calendar month divided by the number of “daily discharges” measured during that month.

MULTIPLE UNIT -- Any improved property in which there is located more than one (1) dwelling unit; residential establishment, Nonresidential Establishment, commercial establishment, industrial establishment or institutional establishment, or any combination thereof.

NEW SOURCE --

(1) Any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is (or may be) a discharge of pollutants, the construction of which commenced after the publication of proposed Pretreatment Standards under section 307(c) of the Act that will be applicable to such source if such Standards are thereafter promulgated in accordance with that section, provided that:

- (a) The building, structure, facility, or installation is constructed at a site at which no other source is located; or
- (b) The building, structure, facility, or installation totally replaces the process or production equipment that causes the discharge of pollutants at an Existing Source; or
- (c) The production or wastewater generating processes of the building, structure, facility, or installation are substantially independent of an Existing Source at the same site. In determining whether these are substantially independent, factors such as the extent to which the new facility is integrated with the existing plant, and the extent to which the new facility is engaged in the same general type of activity as the Existing Source, should be considered.

(2) Construction on a site at which an Existing Source is located results in a modification rather than a New Source if the construction does not create a new building, structure, facility, or installation meeting the criteria of Section (1)(b) or (c) above but otherwise alters, replaces, or adds to existing process or production equipment.

(3) Construction of a New Source as defined under this paragraph has commenced if the owner or operator has:

- (a) Begun, or caused to begin, as part of a continuous onsite construction program
  - (i) any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment; or
  - (ii) significant site preparation work including clearing, excavation, or removal of existing buildings, structures, or facilities which is necessary for the placement, assembly, or installation of new source facilities or equipment; or
- (b) Entered into a binding contractual obligation for the purchase of facilities or equipment which are intended to be used in its operation within a reasonable time. Options to purchase or contracts which can be terminated or modified without substantial loss, and contracts for feasibility, engineering, and design studies do not constitute a contractual obligation under this paragraph.

NONCONTACT COOLING WATER -- Water used for cooling that does not come into direct contact with any raw material, intermediate product, waste product, or finished product.

OWNER -- Any person vested with ownership, legal or equitable, sole or partial, of any improved property.



PROPERLY CHOPPED GARBAGE -- Garbage that has been chopped to such a degree that all its particles will be carried freely under normal sewer flow conditions, with no particle greater than one half (1/2) inch in any dimension.

SEPTIC TANK WASTE -- Any sewage from holding tanks such as vessels, chemical toilets, campers, trailers, and septic tanks.

SEWAGE -- Human excrement and gray water (household showers, dishwashing operations, etc.).

SEWER -- Any pipe, main or conduit constituting a part of the sewer system and used or usable for collection and transportation of sanitary sewage and industrial wastes.

SEWER SYSTEM -- All facilities, as of any particular time, for collecting, pumping, transporting, treating and disposing of wastewater to be acquired and/ or to be constructed and to be owned by the Authority and to be leased to the Township for maintenance, operation and use.

SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER --

Except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4) of this Section, a Significant Industrial User is:

- (1) An Industrial User subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards; or
- (2) An Industrial User that:
  - (a) Discharges an average of twenty-five thousand (25,000) gpd or more of process wastewater to the POTW (excluding sanitary, noncontact cooling and boiler blowdown wastewater);
  - (b) Contributes a process wastestream which makes up five (5) percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the POTW treatment plant; or
  - (c) Is designated as such by Antrim Township on the basis that it has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW's operation or for violating any Pretreatment Standard or Requirement.
- (3) The Township may determine that an Industrial User subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards is a Non-Significant Categorical Industrial User rather than a Significant Industrial User on a finding that the Industrial User never discharges more than 100 gallons per day (gpd) of total categorical wastewater (excluding sanitary, non-contact cooling and boiler blowdown wastewater, unless specifically included in the Pretreatment Standard) and the following conditions are met:
  - (a) The Industrial User, prior to the Township's finding, has consistently complied with all applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards and Requirements;
  - (b) The Industrial User annually submits the certification statement required in Section 111.44 (B) [see 40 CFR 403.12(q)], together with any additional information necessary to support the certification statement; and
  - (c) The Industrial User never discharges any untreated concentrated wastewater.

TREATMENT COST -- A calculated cost (\$) per pound per day (lb/day) for the treatment of specified pollutant's by the Antrim Township WWTP based on annual operating costs and other associated costs (regulatory impacts and cost of living increase etc.). These costs may be formulated by the Authority or Township engineer as deemed necessary and set by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

UPSET CONDITIONS -- An exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with Categorical Pretreatment Standards because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the Industrial User. An Upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventative maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

USER or INDUSTRIAL USER -- A source of indirect discharge.

WASTEWATER -- Liquid and water-carried industrial wastes and sewage from residential dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial and manufacturing facilities, and institutions, whether treated or untreated, which are contributed to the POTW.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT or TREATMENT PLANT -- That portion of the POTW which is designed to provide treatment of municipal sewage and industrial waste.



- (9) Trucked or hauled pollutants.
- (10) Noxious or malodorous liquids, gases, solids, or other wastewater which, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, are sufficient to create a public nuisance or a hazard to life, or to prevent entry into the sewers for maintenance or repair;
- (11) Wastewater which imparts color which cannot be removed by the treatment process, such as, but not limited to, dye wastes, leachate, and vegetable tanning solutions, which consequently imparts color to the treatment plant's effluent, thereby violating Antrim's NPDES permit;
- (12) Wastewater containing any radioactive wastes or isotopes except in compliance with applicable State or Federal regulations;
- (13) Storm Water, surface water, ground water, artesian well water, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, swimming pool drainage, condensate, deionized water, Noncontact Cooling Water, and unpolluted wastewater, unless specifically authorized by the Township;
- (14) Any pollutant that will cause any product of the treatment system such as residues, sludges, or scums to be unsuitable for reclamation and reuse or to interfere with the reclamation process. In no case shall a substance discharged to the treatment system cause the sludge produced to be in noncompliance with disposal criteria, guidelines or regulations developed under § 405 of the Clean Water Act; or any criteria, guidelines or regulations affecting sludge use or disposal developed pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, or State Criteria applicable to the sludge management method being used;
- (15) Medical Wastes, except as specifically authorized by the Township in a wastewater discharge permit;
- (16) Any wastewater containing toxic pollutants in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other pollutants, to injure or interfere with any wastewater treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, to create a toxic effect in the receiving waters of the treatment system, or to exceed the limitations set forth in the Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standard. A toxic pollutant shall include but not be limited to any pollutant identified pursuant to the § 307(a) of the Clean Water Act;
- (17) Detergents, surface-active agents, or other substances which that might cause excessive foaming in the POTW;

(1) Categorical Pretreatment Standards may be adjusted to reflect the presence of pollutants in the Industrial User's intake water in accordance with this Article. Any Industrial User wishing to obtain credit for intake pollutants must make application to the Township. Upon request of the Industrial User, the applicable Standard will be calculated on a "net" basis (i.e., adjusted to reflect credit for pollutants in the intake water) if the requirements of paragraph (2) of this Article are met.

(2) Criteria.

- a. Either (i) The applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards contained in 40 CFR subchapter N specifically provide that they shall be applied on a net basis; or (ii) The Industrial User demonstrates that the control system it proposes or uses to meet applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards would, if properly installed and operated, meet the Standards in the absence of pollutants in the intake waters.
- b. Credit for generic pollutants such as biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total suspended solids (TSS), and oil and grease should not be granted unless the Industrial User demonstrates that the constituents of the generic measure in the User's effluent are substantially similar to the constituents of the generic measure in the intake water or unless appropriate additional limits are placed on process water pollutants either at the outfall or elsewhere.
- c. Credit shall be granted only to the extent necessary to meet the applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard(s), up to a maximum value equal to the influent value. Additional monitoring may be necessary to determine eligibility for credits and compliance with Standard(s) adjusted under this Article.
- d. Credit shall be granted only if the User demonstrates that the intake water is drawn from the same body of water as that into which the POTW discharges. The Township may waive this requirement if it finds that no environmental degradation will result.

E. When a categorical Pretreatment Standard is expressed only in terms of pollutant concentrations, an Industrial User may request that the Township convert the limits to equivalent mass limits. The determination to convert concentration limits to mass limits is within the discretion of the Township. The Township may establish equivalent mass limits only if the Industrial User meets all the conditions set forth in Sections 111.6(E)(1)(a) through 111.6(E)(1)(e) below.

- (1) To be eligible for equivalent mass limits, the Industrial User must:
  - a. Employ, or demonstrate that it will employ, water conservation methods and technologies that substantially reduce water use during the term of its individual wastewater discharge permit;
  - b. Currently use control and treatment technologies adequate to achieve compliance with the applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard, and not have used dilution as a substitute for treatment;
  - c. Provide sufficient information to establish the facility's actual average daily flow rate for all wastestreams, based on data from a continuous effluent flow



**[Note: When converting such limits to concentration limits, the Township will use the concentrations listed in the applicable subparts of 40 CFR Parts 414, 419, and 455 and document that dilution is not being substituted for treatment as prohibited by Section 111.10 of this Chapter (see 40 CFR 403.6(d)). In addition, the Township will document how the equivalent limits were derived for any changes from concentration to mass limits, or vice versa, and make this information publicly available (see 40 CFR 403.6(c)(7)).]**

G. Once included in its permit, the Industrial User must comply with the equivalent limitations developed in this Article, Section 111.6 in lieu of the promulgated categorical Standards from which the equivalent limitations were derived. **[Note: See 40 CFR 403.6(c)(7)]**

H. Many categorical Pretreatment Standards specify one limit for calculating maximum daily discharge limitations and a second limit for calculating maximum Monthly Average, or 4-day average, limitations. Where such Standards are being applied, the same production or flow figure shall be used in calculating both the average and the maximum equivalent limitation. **[Note: See 40 CFR 403.6(c)(8)]**

I. Any Industrial User operating under a permit incorporating equivalent mass or concentration limits calculated from a production-based Standard shall notify the Township within two (2) business days after the User has a reasonable basis to know that the production level will significantly change within the next calendar month. Any User not notifying the Township of such anticipated change will be required to meet the mass or concentration limits in its permit that were based on the original estimate of the long term average production rate. **[Note: See 40 CFR 403.6(c)(9)]**

#### §111.7 State Pretreatment Standards

Users must comply with the Environmental Protection Agency regulations as codified in 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 403.

#### §111.8 Local Limits

A. The Township is authorized to establish Local Limits pursuant to 40 CFR 403.5(c).

B. The following pollutant limits are established to protect against Pass Through and Interference. No person shall discharge wastewater containing in excess of the following:

<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>Maximum Allowable Headworks</b>	<b>Safety Factor</b>	<b>Allowable Industrial Loading</b>	<b>Local Limit</b>
	<b>(MAHL - lbs/d)</b>	<b>(%)</b>	<b>(MAIL - lbs/day)</b>	<b>(mg/l)</b>
		<b>(SF)</b>		<b>(Cind)</b>
Arsenic	0.5646		0.5535	0.4577
Cadmium	0.0808		0.0786	0.0650

The Township may impose mass limitations on Users who are using dilution to meet applicable Pretreatment Standards or Requirements or in other cases when the imposition of mass limitations is appropriate.

### ARTICLE III - PRETREATMENT OF WASTEWATER

#### §111.11 Pretreatment Facilities

Users shall provide wastewater treatment as necessary to comply with this Chapter and shall achieve compliance with all categorical Pretreatment Standards, Local Limits, and the prohibitions set out in §111.5 of this Chapter within the time limitations specified by EPA, the State, or the Township, whichever is more stringent. Any facilities necessary for compliance shall be provided, operated, and maintained at the User's expense. Detailed plans describing such facilities and operating procedures shall be submitted to the Township for review, and shall be acceptable to the Township before such facilities are constructed. The review of such plans and operating procedures shall in no way relieve the User from the responsibility of modifying such facilities as necessary to produce a discharge acceptable to the Township under the provisions of this Chapter.

#### §111.12 Additional Pretreatment Measures

At the Townships discretion the following additional pretreatment measures may be required of Users:

- A. Whenever deemed necessary, the Township may require Users to restrict their discharge during peak flow periods, designate that certain wastewater be discharged only



Hauled wastewater shall not be discharged into the POTW in any way. Hauled Waste is prohibited.

#### ARTICLE IV -- INDIVIDUAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITS (WWDP)

##### §111.15 Wastewater Analysis

When requested by the Township, a User shall submit information on the nature and characteristics of its wastewater within 60 days of the request accompanied by the applicable review fee(s). The analysis shall be conducted by an Independent PA DEP certified wastewater laboratory at such intervals as the Township shall determine. Laboratory methods used in the analysis of samples of sewage wastes shall be those set forth in the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Sewage" as published by the American Public Health Association. All costs associated with obtaining samples and analysis shall be paid for by the User of the sewer system. The IU must update the analysis periodically, or when any change is made within the IU, or as requested by the Township. The Township, at their discretion, may prepare a form for such analysis.

##### §111.16 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Requirement

- A. No Significant Industrial User shall discharge wastewater into the POTW without first obtaining an individual wastewater discharge permit from the Township except that

- (2) Environmental Permits. A list of any environmental control permits held by or for the facility.
- (3) Description of Operations.
  - (a) A brief description of the nature, average rate of production (including each product produced by type, amount, processes, and rate of production), and standard industrial classifications of the operation(s) carried out by such User. This description should include a schematic process diagram, which indicates points of discharge to the POTW from the regulated processes.
  - (b) Types of wastes generated, and a list of all raw materials and chemicals used or stored at the facility which are, or could accidentally or intentionally be, discharged to the POTW;
  - (c) Number and type of employees, hours of operation, and proposed or actual hours of operation;
  - (d) Type and amount of raw materials processed (average and maximum per day);
  - (e) Site plans, floor plans, mechanical and plumbing plans, and details to show all sewers, floor drains, and appurtenances by size, location, and elevation, and all points of discharge;
- (4) Time and duration of discharges;
- (5) The location for monitoring all wastes covered by the permit;
- (6) Flow Measurement. Information showing the measured average daily and maximum daily flow, in gallons per day, to the POTW from regulated process streams and other streams, as necessary, to allow use of the combined wastestream formula set out in Section 111.6(C) (40 CFR 403.6(e)).
- (7) Measurement of Pollutants.
  - (a) The categorical Pretreatment Standards applicable to each regulated process and any new categorically regulated processes for Existing Sources.
  - (b) The results of sampling and analysis identifying the nature and concentration, and/or mass, where required by the Standard or by the Township of regulated pollutants in the discharge from each regulated process.
  - (c) Instantaneous, Daily Maximum, and long-term average concentrations, or mass, where required, shall be reported.
  - (d) The sample shall be representative of daily operations and shall be analyzed in accordance with procedures set out in Section 111.40 of this Chapter. Where the Standard requires compliance with a BMP or pollution prevention alternative, the User shall submit documentation as required by the Township or the applicable Standards to determine compliance with the Standard.
  - (e) Sampling must be performed in accordance with procedures set out in Section 111.41 of this Chapter.



## ARTICLE V -- INDIVIDUAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT ISSUANCE

### §111.23 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Duration

A. An individual wastewater discharge permit shall be issued for a specified time period, not to exceed five (5) years from the effective date of the permit. An individual wastewater discharge permit may be issued for a period less than five (5) years, at the discretion of the Township. Each individual wastewater discharge permit will indicate a specific date upon which it will expire.

B. The IU must apply for permit reissuance by submitting a completed application in accordance with §111.19 at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the existing permit.

C. The terms and conditions of an existing permit shall be deemed to continue in effect, pending a decision on a reissued permit, if:

- (1) The Nonresidential Establishment filed a timely application that is complete and;
- (2) The Township, through no fault of the IU, does not issue a new permit with an effective date on or before the expiration date of the existing permit, and;
- (3) EPA consents to such extension, with EPA consent reflected in its approval of the Rates, Rules and Regulations provision herein.

### §111.24 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Contents

An individual wastewater discharge permit shall include such conditions as are deemed reasonably necessary by the Township to prevent Pass Through or Interference, protect the quality of the water body receiving the treatment plant's effluent, protect worker health and safety, facilitate sludge management and disposal, and protect against damage to the POTW.

A. Individual wastewater discharge permits shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) A statement that indicates the wastewater discharge permit issuance date, expiration date and effective date; **[Note: See Section 111.23]**
- (2) A statement that the wastewater discharge permit is nontransferable;
- (3) Effluent limits, including Best Management Practices, based on applicable Pretreatment Standards;
- (4) Self monitoring, sampling, reporting, notification, and record-keeping requirements. These requirements shall include an identification of pollutants (or

(8) Other conditions as deemed appropriate by the Township to ensure compliance with this Chapter, and State and Federal laws, rules, and regulations.

#### §111.25 Permit Issuance

- A. A draft permit will be issued after all required data has been received by the Township. The applicant shall then be allowed a thirty (30) day comment/ appeal period. Upon the expiration of the comment period the Township shall issue or deny the permit.
- B. Failure to comment or appeal the draft permit within the thirty (30) day comment period will result in the IU waiving its right to appeal the terms of the permit at a later date.
- C. Industrial Users compliance with the permit shall not relieve the IU from complying with all applicable laws, regulations, and ordinances promulgated by government agencies, nor shall issuance of a permit be construed as a representation by the Township that discharge permitted therein complies with such laws, regulations, and ordinances.
- D. Permits are issued solely to govern the discharge of wastewater into the sewer system, as between the IU and the Township, and shall not be construed to benefit any third party.

#### §111.26 Permit Modification

The Township may modify an individual wastewater discharge permit for good cause, including, but not limited to, the following reasons:

- A. To incorporate any new or revised Federal, State, or local Pretreatment Standards or Requirements;
- B. To address significant alterations or additions to the User's operation, processes, or wastewater volume or character since the time of the individual wastewater discharge permit issuance;
- C. A change in the POTW that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge;
- D. Information indicating that the permitted discharge poses a threat to the Authority's POTW, Township personnel, contamination of sludge or the receiving waters;
- E. Violation of any terms or conditions of the individual wastewater discharge permit;
- F. Misrepresentations or failure to fully disclose all relevant facts in the wastewater discharge permit application or in any required reporting;



L. Failure to provide advance notice of the transfer of business ownership of a permitted facility; or

M. Violation of any Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, or any terms of the wastewater discharge permit or this Chapter.

Individual wastewater discharge permits shall be voidable upon cessation of operations or transfer of business ownership. All individual wastewater discharge permits issued to a User are void upon the issuance of a new individual wastewater discharge permit to that User.

#### §111.29 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Reissuance

The IU must apply for permit reissuance in accordance with §111.23(B) and (C).

#### §111.30 Regulation of Waste Received from Other Jurisdictions

A. If another municipality, or User located within another municipality, contributes wastewater to the POTW, the Township shall enter into an intermunicipal agreement with the contributing municipality.

B. Prior to entering into an agreement required by paragraph A, above, the Township shall request the following information from the contributing municipality:

(1) A description of the quality and volume of wastewater discharged to the POTW by the contributing municipality;

(2) An inventory of all Users located within the contributing municipality that are discharging to the POTW; and

(3) Such other information as the Township may deem necessary.

C. An intermunicipal agreement, as required by paragraph A, above, shall contain the following conditions:

(1) A requirement for the contributing municipality to adopt a sewer use ordinance which is at least as stringent as this Chapter and Local Limits, including required Baseline Monitoring Reports (BMRs) which are at least as stringent as those set out in Section 111.8 of this Chapter. The requirement shall specify that such ordinance and limits must be revised as necessary to reflect changes made to the Township of Antrim's Chapter 111 or Local Limits;

(2) A requirement for the contributing municipality to submit a revised User inventory on at least an annual basis;

(3) A provision specifying which pretreatment implementation activities, including individual wastewater discharge permit issuance, inspection and

## ARTICLE VI -- REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

### §111.31 Baseline Monitoring Reports

A. Within either one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of a categorical Pretreatment Standard, or the final administrative decision on a category determination under 40 CFR 403.6(a)(4), whichever is later, existing Categorical Industrial Users currently discharging to or scheduled to discharge to the POTW shall submit to the Township a report which contains the information listed in paragraph B, below. At least ninety (90) days prior to commencement of their discharge, New Sources, and sources that become Categorical Industrial Users subsequent to the promulgation of an applicable categorical Standard, shall submit to the Township a report which contains the information listed in paragraph B, below. A New Source shall report the method of pretreatment it intends to use to meet applicable categorical Standards. A New Source also shall give estimates of its anticipated flow and quantity of pollutants to be discharged.

B. Users described above shall submit the information set forth below.

(1) All information required in Section 111.19(A)(1)(a), Section 111.19(A)(2), Section 111.19(A)(3)(a), and Section 111.19(A)(6). **[Note: See 40 CFR 403.12(b)(1)-(7)]**

(2) Measurement of pollutants.

- a. The User shall provide the information required in Section 111.19(A)(7).
- b. The User shall take a minimum of one representative sample to compile that data necessary to comply with the requirements of this paragraph.
- c. Samples should be taken immediately downstream from pretreatment facilities if such exist or immediately downstream from the regulated process if no pretreatment exists. If other wastewaters are mixed with the regulated wastewater prior to pretreatment the User should measure the flows and concentrations necessary to allow use of the combined wastestream formula in 40 CFR 403.6(e) to evaluate compliance with the Pretreatment Standards. Where an alternate concentration or mass limit has been calculated in accordance with 40 CFR 403.6(e) this adjusted limit along with supporting data shall be submitted to the Control Authority;
- d. Sampling and analysis shall be performed in accordance with Section 111.40 and 111.41;
- e. The Township may allow the submission of a baseline report which utilizes only historical data so long as the data provides information sufficient to determine the need for industrial pretreatment measures;
- f. The baseline report shall indicate the time, date and place of sampling and methods of analysis, and shall certify that such sampling and



Within ninety (90) days following the date for final compliance with applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards, or in the case of a New Source following commencement of the introduction of wastewater into the POTW, any User subject to such Pretreatment Standards and Requirements shall submit to the Township a report containing the information described in Section 111.19A(6) and (7) and 111.31(B)(2) of this Chapter. For Users subject to equivalent mass or concentration limits established in accordance with the procedures in Section 111.6 [Note: See 40 CFR 403.6(c)], this report shall contain a reasonable measure of the User's long-term production rate. For all other Users subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards expressed in terms of allowable pollutant discharge per unit of production (or other measure of operation), this report shall include the User's actual production during the appropriate sampling period. All compliance reports must be signed and certified in accordance with Section 111.44(A) of this Chapter. All sampling will be done in conformance with Section 111.41.

#### §111.34 Periodic Compliance Reports

[Note: All SIUs are required to submit periodic compliance reports even if they have been designated a Non-Significant Categorical Industrial User under the provisions of Section 111.34(C).]

A. Except as specified in Section 111.34(C), all Industrial Users (including SIU's and Categorical Users) must, at a frequency determined by the Township submit no less than twice per year (June and December or on dates specified) reports indicating the nature, concentration of pollutants in the discharge which are limited by Pretreatment Standards and the measured or estimated average and maximum daily flows for the reporting period. In cases where the Pretreatment Standard requires compliance with a Best Management Practice (BMP) or pollution prevention alternative, the User must submit documentation required by the Township or the Pretreatment Standard necessary to determine the compliance status of the User.

B. The Township may authorize an Industrial User subject to a categorical Pretreatment Standard to forego sampling of a pollutant regulated by a categorical Pretreatment Standard if the Industrial User has demonstrated through sampling and other technical factors that the pollutant is neither present nor expected to be present in the Discharge, or is present only at background levels from intake water and without any increase in the pollutant due to activities of the Industrial User. [see 40 CFR 403.12(e)(2)] This authorization is subject to the following conditions:

(1) The waiver may be authorized where a pollutant is determined to be present solely due to sanitary wastewater discharged from the facility provided that the sanitary wastewater is not regulated by an applicable categorical Standard and otherwise includes no process wastewater.

(2) The monitoring waiver is valid only for the duration of the effective period of the individual wastewater discharge permit, but in no case longer than 5 years. The User must submit a new request for the waiver before the waiver can be

(2) 0.3502 lbs. per day of dry-weather organic treatment; and

(3)

Pollutant	Limit not to exceed
Arsenic	0.00005646
Cadmium	0.0000080
Chromium	0.00012301
Copper	0.00004799
Cyanide	0.00005943
Lead	0.00010733
Mercury	0.00002333
Molybdenum	0.00046628
Nickel	0.00014858
Selenium	0.00005701
Silver	0.00008730
Zinc	0.00012986
Chromium Hex	0.00034558
TSS	0.15398763
5-Day CBOD	0.19604792
TP	0.00575401
TN	0.3226389
Manganese	0.03199185
Phenol	0.00176111

Reduced reporting is not available to Industrial Users that have in the last two (2) years been in Significant Noncompliance, as defined in Article IX of this Chapter. In addition, reduced reporting is not available to an Industrial User with daily flow rates, production levels, or pollutant levels that vary so significantly that, in the opinion of the Township, decreasing the reporting requirement for this Industrial User would result in data that are not representative of conditions occurring during the reporting period.

D. All periodic compliance reports must be signed and certified in accordance with Section 111.44(A) of this Chapter.

E. All wastewater samples must be representative of the User's discharge. Wastewater monitoring and flow measurement facilities shall be properly operated, kept clean, and maintained in good working order at all times. The failure of a User to keep its monitoring facility in good working order shall not be grounds for the User to claim that sample results are unrepresentative of its discharge.

F. If a User subject to the reporting requirement in this section monitors any regulated pollutant at the appropriate sampling location more frequently than required by the Township, using the procedures prescribed in Section 111.41 of this Chapter, the results



All Users not required to obtain an individual wastewater discharge permit shall provide appropriate reports to the Township as the Township may require.

#### §111.38 Notice of Violation/Repeat Sampling and Reporting

If sampling performed by a User indicates a violation, the User must notify the Township within twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the violation. The User shall also repeat the sampling and analysis and submit the results of the repeat analysis to the Township within thirty (30) days after becoming aware of the violation. Resampling by the Industrial User is not required if the Township performs sampling at the User's facility at least once a month, or if the Township performs sampling at the User's facility between the time when the initial sampling was conducted and the time when the User or the Township receives the results of this sampling, or if the Township has performed the sampling and analysis in lieu of the Industrial User. All costs incurred by the Township for such testing shall be reimbursed to the Township by the User.

#### §111.39 Discharge of Hazardous Waste

No user shall discharge or allow for the possibility of a discharge of Hazardous Waste to be introduced in any way to the POTW or any part thereof.

#### §111.40 Analytical Requirements

All pollutant analyses, including sampling techniques, to be submitted as part of a wastewater discharge permit application or report shall be performed by an Independent PADEP certified wastewater laboratory in accordance with the techniques prescribed in 40 CFR Part 136 and amendments thereto, unless otherwise specified in an applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard. If 40 CFR Part 136 does not contain sampling or analytical techniques for the pollutant in question, or where the EPA determines that the Part 136 sampling and analytical techniques are inappropriate for the pollutant in question, sampling and analyses shall be performed by using validated analytical methods as set forth in the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Sewage" as published by the American Public Health Association. All costs associated with obtaining samples and analysis shall be paid for by the User of the sewer system

#### §111.41 Sample Collection

Samples collected to satisfy reporting requirements must be based on data obtained through appropriate sampling and analysis performed during the period covered by the report, based on data that is representative of conditions occurring during the reporting period

A. Except as indicated in Section B and C below, the User must collect wastewater samples using 24-hour flow-proportional composite sampling techniques, unless time-proportional composite sampling or grab sampling is authorized by the Township. Where time-proportional composite sampling or grab sampling is authorized by the Township, the samples must be representative of the discharge. Using protocols (including appropriate preservation) specified in 40 CFR Part 136 and appropriate EPA

The following certification statement is required to be signed and submitted by Users submitting permit applications in accordance with Section 111.21; Users submitting baseline monitoring reports under Section 111.31(B)(5) [**Note: See 40 CFR 403.12 (l)**]; Users submitting reports on compliance with the categorical Pretreatment Standard deadlines under Section 111.33 [**Note: See 40 CFR 403.12(d)**]; Users submitting periodic compliance reports required by Section 111.34 (A)–(D) [**Note: See 40 CFR 403.12(e) and (h)**], and Users submitting an initial request to forego sampling of a pollutant on the basis of Section 111.34(B)(4)[**Note: See 40 CFR 403.12(e)(2)(iii)**]; the following certification statement must be signed by an Authorized Representative as defined in Section 111.4:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

**B. Annual Certification for Non-Significant Categorical Industrial Users.**

A facility determined to be a Non-Significant Categorical Industrial User by the Township as defined in subsection 3 under the definition of Significant Industrial User in Section 111.4 and 111.21(C) [**Note: See 40 CFR 403.3(v)(2)**] must annually submit the following certification statement signed by an Authorized or Duly Authorized Representative of the User as defined in Section 111.4 in accordance with the signatory requirements as stated therein [**Note: See 40 CFR 403.120(l)**]. This certification must accompany an alternative report required by the Township:

Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for managing compliance with the categorical Pretreatment Standards under 40 CFR \_\_\_\_, I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief that during the period from \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ [months, days, year]:

(a) The facility described as \_\_\_\_\_ [facility name] met the definition of a Non-Significant Categorical Industrial User as described in 111.4 subsection 3 under Significant Industrial User; [**Note: See 40 CFR 403.3(v)(2)**]

(b) The facility complied with all applicable Pretreatment Standards and requirements during this reporting period; and

(c) The facility never discharged more than 100 gallons of total categorical wastewater on any given day during this reporting period.



## ARTICLE VII -- COMPLIANCE MONITORING

### §111.45 Right of Entry: Inspection and Sampling

The Township shall have the right to enter the premises of any User to determine whether the User is complying with all requirements of this Chapter and any individual wastewater discharge permit or order issued hereunder. Users shall allow the Township ready access to all parts of the premises for the purposes of inspection, sampling, records examination and copying, and the performance of any additional duties.

- A. Where a User has security measures in force which require proper identification and clearance before entry into its premises, the User shall make necessary arrangements with its security guards so that, upon presentation of suitable identification, the Township shall be permitted to enter without delay for the purposes of performing specific responsibilities.
- B. The Township shall have the right to set up on the User's property, or require installation of, such devices as are necessary to conduct sampling and/or metering of the User's operations.
- C. The Township may require the User to install monitoring equipment as necessary. The facility's sampling and monitoring equipment shall be maintained at all times in a safe and proper operating condition by the User at its own expense. All devices used to measure wastewater flow and quality shall be calibrated at least once a year to ensure their accuracy.
- D. Any temporary or permanent obstruction to safe and easy access to the facility to be inspected and/or sampled shall be promptly removed by the User at the written or verbal request of the Township and shall not be replaced. The costs of clearing such access shall be born by the User.
- E. Unreasonable delays in allowing the Township access to the User's premises shall be a violation of this Chapter.

## ARTICLE IX -- PUBLICATION OF USERS IN SIGNIFICANT NONCOMPLIANCE

### §111.47 Publication of users in Significant Noncompliance

The Township shall publish annually, in a newspaper of general circulation that provides meaningful public notice within the jurisdictions served by the POTW, a list of the Users which, at any time during the previous twelve (12) months, were in Significant Noncompliance with applicable Pretreatment Standards and Requirements. The term Significant Noncompliance shall be applicable to all Significant Industrial Users (or any other Industrial User that violates paragraphs (C), (D) or (H) of this Section) and shall mean:

- A. Chronic violations of wastewater discharge limits, defined here as those in which sixty-six percent (66%) or more of all the measurements taken for the same pollutant parameter taken during a six- (6-) month period exceed (by any magnitude) a numeric Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, including Instantaneous Limits as defined in Article I; **[Note: see 40 CFR 403.3(l)]**
- B. Technical Review Criteria (TRC) violations, defined here as those in which thirty-three percent (33%) or more of wastewater measurements taken for each pollutant parameter during a six (6) month period equals or exceeds the product of the numeric Pretreatment Standard or Requirement including Instantaneous Limits, as defined by Article I multiplied by the applicable criteria (1.4 for BOD, TSS, fats, oils and grease, and 1.2 for all other pollutants except pH); **[Note: see 40 CFR 403.3(l)]**
- C. Any other violation of a Pretreatment Standard or Requirement as defined by Article II (Daily Maximum, long-term average, Instantaneous Limit, or narrative standard) that the Township determines has caused, alone or in combination with other discharges, Interference or Pass Through, including endangering the health of POTW personnel or the general public; **[Note: see 40 CFR 403.3(l)]**
- D. Any discharge of a pollutant that has caused imminent endangerment to the public or to the environment, or has resulted in the Township's exercise of its emergency authority to halt or prevent such a discharge;
- E. Failure to meet, within ninety (90) days of the scheduled date, a compliance schedule milestone contained in an individual wastewater discharge permit or enforcement order for starting construction, completing construction, or attaining final compliance;
- F. Failure to provide within forty-five (45) days after the due date, any required reports, including baseline monitoring reports, reports on compliance with categorical Pretreatment Standard deadlines, periodic self-monitoring reports, and reports on compliance with compliance schedules;



## ARTICLE X -- ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT REMEDIES

### §111.48 Notification of Violation

When the Township finds that a User has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of this Chapter, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, the Township may serve upon that User a written Notice of Violation. Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of such notice, an explanation of the violation and a plan for the satisfactory correction and prevention thereof, to include specific required actions, shall be submitted by the User to the Township. Submission of such a plan in no way relieves the User of liability for any violations occurring before or after receipt of the Notice of Violation. Nothing in this Article shall limit the authority of the Township to take any action, including emergency actions or any other enforcement action, without first issuing a Notice of Violation.

### §111.49 Consent Orders

The Township may enter into Consent Orders, assurances of compliance, or other similar documents establishing an agreement with any User responsible for noncompliance. Such documents shall include specific action to be taken by the User to correct the noncompliance within a time period specified by the document. Such documents shall have the same force and effect as the administrative orders issued pursuant to Sections 111.51 and 111.52 of this Chapter and shall be judicially enforceable.

### §111.50 Show Cause Hearing

The Township may order a User which has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of this Chapter, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, to appear before the Township and show cause why the proposed enforcement action should not be taken. Notice shall be served on the User specifying the time and place for the meeting, the proposed enforcement action, the reasons for such action, and a request that the User show cause why the proposed enforcement action should not be taken. The notice of the meeting shall be served personally or by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested) at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing. Such notice may be served on any Authorized Representative of the User as defined in Section 111.4 and required by Section 111.21(A). A show cause hearing shall not be a bar against, or prerequisite for, taking any other action against the User.

### §111.51 Compliance Orders

When the Township finds that a User has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of this Chapter, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, the Township may issue an order to the User responsible for the discharge directing that the User come into compliance within a specified time. If the User does not come into compliance within the time provided, sewer service may be discontinued unless adequate treatment facilities, devices, or other related appurtenances are

Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted as requiring a hearing prior to any Emergency Suspension under this Article.

#### §111.54 Termination of Discharge

In addition to the provisions in Section 111.28 of this Chapter, any User who violates the following conditions is subject to discharge termination:

- A. Violation of individual wastewater discharge permit conditions;
- B. Failure to accurately report the wastewater constituents and characteristics of its discharge;
- C. Failure to report significant changes in operations or wastewater volume, constituents, and characteristics prior to discharge;
- D. Refusal of reasonable access to the User's premises for the purpose of inspection, monitoring, or sampling; or
- E. Violation of the Pretreatment Standards in Article II of this Chapter.

Such User will be notified of the proposed termination of its discharge and be offered an opportunity to show cause under Section 111.50 of this Chapter why the proposed action should not be taken. Exercise of this option by the Township shall not be a bar to, or a prerequisite for, taking any other action against the User.



B. A User who willfully or negligently introduces any substance into the POTW which causes personal injury or property damage shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a summary offence and be subject to a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$ 1,000.00) per day per violation, or be subject to imprisonment for not more than ninety (90) days, or both. This penalty shall be in addition to any other cause of action for personal injury or property damage available under State law.

C. A User who knowingly makes any false statements, representations, or certifications in any application, record, report, plan, or other documentation filed, or required to be maintained, pursuant to this Chapter, individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required under this Chapter shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars ( \$ 1,000.00) per violation, per day, or imprisonment for not more than ninety (90) days, or both.

#### §111.58 Remedies Nonexclusive

The remedies provided for in this Chapter are not exclusive. The Township may take any, all, or any combination of these actions against a noncompliant User. Enforcement of pretreatment violations will generally be in accordance with the Township's enforcement response plan. However, the Township may take other action against any User when the circumstances warrant. Further, the Township is empowered to take more than one enforcement action against any noncompliant User.

## ARTICLE XIII -- APPEAL PROCEDURES AND ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE PLAN

### § 111.61 Right to Appeal.

A. Any user that has been issued a Notice of Violation, Compliance Order, Cease and Desist Order, Emergency Suspension Notice, Termination of Discharge Notice, Refusal to Issue Permit Notice under §111.59 or severance of water service under § 111.60 has the right to appeal either the amount of the penalty or the fact of the violation. Said appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Notice or Violation. The appeal shall be filed pursuant to Pennsylvania Administrative Law and Procedure as set forth in 2 Pa.C.S. § 551 et. seq.

B. Failure of the User to appeal the penalty contesting either the fact of the violation or the amount of the penalty within the thirty (30) days of receipt of the Notice or Order will result in the waiver of the user's legal rights to contest the violation or the amount of the Penalty.

The Township hereby adopts the attached Enforcement Response Plan. This Enforcement Response Plan sets forth responses for various violations or acts of noncompliance by users, provides for the guidance of the Township's staff, and does not create legal rights or obligations, or limit the enforcement discretion of the Township



treatment facility until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. This requirement applies in the situation where, among other things, the primary source of power of the treatment facility is reduced, lost, or fails.

#### §111.63 Prohibited Discharge Standards

A User shall have an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought against it for noncompliance with the general prohibitions in Section 111.5(A) of this Chapter or the specific prohibitions in Sections 111.5(B) of this Chapter if it can prove that it did not know, or have reason to know, that its discharge, alone or in conjunction with discharges from other sources, would cause Pass Through or Interference and that either:

- A. A Local Limit exists for each pollutant discharged and the User was in compliance with each limit directly prior to, and during, the Pass Through or Interference; or
- B. No Local Limit exists, but the discharge did not change substantially in nature or constituents from the User's prior discharge when the Township was regularly in compliance with its NPDES permit, and in the case of Interference, was in compliance with applicable sludge use or disposal requirements.

#### §111.64 Bypass

A. For the purposes of this Section,

(1) Bypass means the intentional diversion of wastestreams from any portion of a User's treatment facility.

(2) Severe property damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

B. A User may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause Pretreatment Standards or Requirements to be violated, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provision of paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Section.

C. Bypass Notifications

(1) If a User knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice to the Township, at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass, if possible.

(2) A User shall submit oral notice to the Township of an unanticipated bypass that exceeds applicable Pretreatment Standards within twenty-four (24) hours

## ARTICLE XV -- WASTEWATER TREATMENT RATES

### §111.65 Wastewater Treatment Rates

All sewer rates are set as specified in Chapter 110 of the Code of the Township of Antrim Pennsylvania. Equivalent Dwelling Units (EDU's) shall remain to be determined as specified in Chapter 110-37(B).

## ARTICLE XVI -- MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

### §111.66 Pretreatment Charges and Fees

The Board of Supervisors intends to recover the cost of administering this Chapter and any associated requirements from the Users of the treatment system to whom the requirements of this Chapter apply. The Board of Supervisors may adopt by resolution charges and fees which may include but are not limited to:

- A. Fees for wastewater discharge permit applications including the cost of processing such applications;
- B. Fees for monitoring, inspection, and surveillance procedures including the cost of collection and analyzing a User's discharge, and reviewing monitoring reports and certification statements submitted by Users;
- C. Fees for reviewing and responding to accidental discharge procedures and construction;
- D. Fees for filing appeals;
- E. Fees to recover administrative and legal costs [not included in Section 111.66(B)] associated with the enforcement activity taken by the Township to address IU noncompliance; and



(Metered Flow for Day - Daily maximum permitted discharge flow) x (8.34) x  
[concentration TC PPM measured (monthly/quarterly/annually) – Local Limits  
concentration TC PPM] x Treatment Cost per pound per day for TC

The above formula shall be applied to every established Local Limit using the specified treatment cost that is set forth by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

This Total Additional Charge (Surcharge) is in addition to the normal quarterly charge.

#### §111.68 Miscellaneous Regulations

- A. All Pretreatment Systems, proposed or in operation, shall be reviewed by the Township's engineer and shall meet the Antrim Township Municipal Authority Sanitary Sewer Construction Specification.
- B. All costs incurred by such reviews of pretreatment systems shall be reimbursed to the Township by the User.
- C. Any required pretreatment of wastewater, to a level acceptable to the Township, shall be provided, operated, and maintained at the IU's expense.

**SECTION II:** Article II, Section 110-20(F) entitled "Interceptor Pit" shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

- F. Interceptor pit.
  - (1) Vehicle repair facilities, car wash stands, commercial and institutional establishments with food preparation, or other facilities with the possibility of discharging grease, oil, gasoline, silt or sand shall install a grease, oil, gasoline, silt or sand interceptor, placed as to be readily accessible for cleaning and connection to the building sewer.
  - (2) Interceptor designs shall be reviewed and recommended for approval by the Townships engineer to the Board of Supervisors. The board of Supervisors shall approve such system at a public meeting prior to installation.
  - (3) No fixture connection carrying sanitary sewage shall be permitted to flow through the interceptor.
  - (4) Interceptors shall be designed to eliminate the release to the highest extent possible of grease, oil, gasoline, silt, sand or similar particles or products into the sewer system.
  - (5) All pits shall be subject to periodic inspections by the Township at reasonable times. No pit shall be restricted from Township inspection.
  - (6) Operators/ owners of the system shall maintain accurate records of the installation and maintenance of the system and immediately supply such records to the Township upon written or verbal request.
  - (7) A User shall be in violation of this Chapter if scheduled maintenance of devices is not provided or if releases result in a violation of this Chapter, or if releases result in fouling or obstruction of the public sewer.